

# Alberta

## Combined federal and provincial personal income tax rates – 2011<sup>1</sup>

Taxable income		Alberta					
Lower limit	Upper limit	Basic tax <sup>2</sup>	Rate on excess	Marginal rate on			
				Eligible dividend income <sup>3</sup>	Other dividend income <sup>3</sup>	Capital gains <sup>4</sup>	
\$ -	to \$ 10,527	\$ -	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
10,528	to 16,977	-	15.00	0.00	2.08	7.50	
16,978	to 41,544	968	25.00	0.00	10.21	12.50	
41,545	to 83,088	7,109	32.00	7.85	18.96	16.00	
83,089	to 128,800	20,403	36.00	13.49	23.96	18.00	
128,801	and up	36,860	39.00	17.72	27.71	19.50	

1. The tax rates reflect budget proposals and news releases to 15 July 2011. Where the tax is determined under the alternative minimum tax provisions (AMT), the above table is not applicable. AMT may be applicable where the tax otherwise payable is less than the tax determined by applying the relevant AMT rate to the individual's taxable income adjusted for certain preference items.
2. The tax determined by the table should be reduced by the applicable federal and provincial tax credits (see chart below), other than the basic personal tax credits, which have been reflected in the calculations.
3. The rates apply to the actual amount of taxable dividends received from taxable Canadian corporations. Eligible dividends are those paid by public corporations and private companies out of earnings that have been taxed at the general corporate tax rate (the dividend must be designated by the payor corporation as an eligible dividend).
4. The rates apply to the actual amount of the capital gain. The capital gains exemption on qualified farm and fishing property and small business corporation shares may apply to eliminate the tax on those specific properties.

## Federal and provincial personal tax credits – 2011

	Federal credit	Provincial credit
<b>Amount of credits:</b>		
Basic personal credit (see note 2 above)	\$1,579	\$1,698
Spousal credit (reduced when spouse's income over \$0)	1,579	1,698
Equivalent-to-spouse credit (reduced when dependant's income over \$0)	1,579	1,698
Infirm dependant aged 18 or over (reduced when dependant's income over \$6,076 (federal) and \$6,492 (provincial))	642	983
Caregiver credit (reduced when the particular person's income is over \$14,624 (federal) and \$15,625 (provincial))	642	983
Age credit (65 and over) <sup>1</sup>	981	473
Disability credit	1,101	1,310
Pension income (maximum)	300	131
Education and textbook - per month	70	66
Canada employment credit	160	-
Child tax credit - per child under 18	320	-
<b>Credits as a percentage of:</b>		
Tuition fees	15.00%	10.00%
Public transit passes	15.00%	-
Medical expenses <sup>2</sup>	15.00%	10.00%
Charitable donations		
- First \$200	15.00%	10.00%
- Remainder	29.00%	21.00%
CPP contributions <sup>3</sup>	15.00%	10.00%
EI premiums	15.00%	10.00%

1. The maximum federal age credit of \$981 occurs at \$32,961 of net income and declines to nil as net income rises to \$76,541. The maximum provincial age credit of \$473 occurs at \$35,217 and declines to nil as net income rises to \$66,757.
2. The federal credit applies to eligible medical expenses that exceed the lesser of \$2,052 and 3% of net income. The provincial credit applies to eligible medical expenses that exceed the lesser of \$2,195 and 3% of net income.
3. One-half of CPP paid by self-employed individuals is deductible in computing taxable income.

Source: Ernst & Young Electronic Publishing Services Inc.