Draft Law amending investment regulations in the field of science and technology

This Alert highlights notable updates in investment regulations as proposed in the Draft Law amending the Law on Investment, the Law on Public-Private Partnership Investment, and the Law on Bidding.

On 31 March 2025, the Ministry of Finance has released the Draft Law amending several articles of the Law on Investment, the Law on Public - Private Partnership Investment, and the Law on Bidding (Draft Law), for consultation with government agencies, business associations, and the broader business community until 3 April 2025.

In recent years, Vietnam has emerged as a significant information technology hub. In this connection, the Draft Law further strengthens Vietnam's digital infrastructure by effecting regulatory changes to foster investment in science and technology development, innovation, and digital transformation.

Key highlights in the Draft Law include:

- Amendments to the Law on Investment: Special investment incentives and support, as well as special investment procedures for certain scientific and technological investment projects.
- Amendments to the Law on Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Investment: Removal of some administrative procedures and requirements for the investor selection for certain PPP investment projects in the field of science and technology.
- Amendments to the Law on Bidding: Bidding incentives and removal of some administrative procedures and requirements for the investor selection for certain scientific and technological investment projects.

1. Amendments to the Law on Investment

- Under the Draft Law, the following investment projects are entitled to special investment incentives and support:
 - (i) Investment projects to build data center infrastructure, cloud computing infrastructure, 5G, 6G mobile infrastructure and other digital infrastructures in the field of strategic technology according to the decision of the Prime Minister.
 - (ii) Investment projects in the field of strategic technology according to the decision of the Prime Minister.
 - (iii) Investment projects to manufacture products in the list of strategic technologies according to the decision of the Prime Minister.
 - (iv) Investment projects to establish new (including expansion of newly established projects) national innovation centers established under the decision of the Prime Minister.
- Accordingly, these projects are entitled to:
 - Investment incentives including corporate income tax incentives, import tax, land levy and land rents, accelerated depreciation.
 - Investment support including assistance in the development of technical infrastructure and social infrastructure, in training and development of human resources, credit assistance, assistance in access to business premises, assistance in science, technology and technology transfer, assistance in market development and information provision, and assistance in research and development.
- Notably, the Draft Law also proposes a special investment mechanism for investment projects belonging to categories (i), (ii) and (iii) above:
 - Foreign investors are allowed to establish economic organizations to implement projects before carrying out procedures for the issuance and amendment of the Investment Registration Certificate (IRC).
 - Investment projects in industrial zones, export processing zones, high-tech parks, concentrated information technology parks, free trade zones and functional areas in economic zones are allowed to adopt an ex-post supervision mechanism instead of the traditional pre-licensing approach. This means that investors are exempted from several administrative procedures, including in-principal investment approval, technology appraisal, environmental impact assessment, formation of detailed planning, issuance of construction permits and other construction, fire prevention and firefighting approvals. Instead, they only need to commit to comply with requirements relating to construction, environment, fire prevention and firefighting during the project implementation stage. The Investment Registration Certificate (IRC) shall be issued within 15 days of the receipt of a complete and valid application dossier.
 - The maximum term of these investment projects shall be 70 years, as compared to the maximum term of 50 years as before.
 - This change demonstrates a significant effort of the Government in enhancing the legal framework, simplifying the administrative procedures and creating a more transparent investment environment for the investors engaging in science, technology and digital business.

2. Amendments to the Law on Public-Private Partnership Investment

Apart from the PPP projects applying high technology in the list of high technologies
prioritized for investment and development according to the law on high technology, and
projects applying new technology according to the law on technology transfer as mentioned

in the current Law on PPP Investment, the Draft Law also adds specific favorable provisions for the following groups of PPP projects:

- PPP projects in the field of science, technology development, innovation and national digital transformation.
- PPP projects that own or have copyrights for strategic technologies in the list issued by the Ministry of Science and Technology.
- Accordingly, the PPP procedures for these projects have been narrowed down to three statutory stages, with the elimination of the stage of preparing and appraising pre-feasibility study reports and deciding on investment policies:
 - Stage 1: Prepare and appraise the feasibility study report, approve and announce the project.
 - Stage 2: Select investors and sign the PPP project contract. In case the investor proposes
 a project that owns or has copyrights for strategic technologies in the list issued by the
 Ministry of Science and Technology, investor selection will be done through direct investor
 appointment.
 - Stage 3: Implement the PPP project contract.
- Regarding the methods and standards for evaluating bidding documents during the investor selection stage:
 - Science, technology and innovation enterprise investors do not need to prove the ability to arrange equity capital and are allowed to use the project, the work that they directly implement, whose technology has been put into successful trial operation, to prove the experience of implementing similar projects.
 - For projects where direct investor appointment is applicable, the criteria for evaluating bidding documents include criteria for evaluating capacity, experience and criteria for evaluating finance trade and are built according to the pass/fail method.
- State investment support, incentives and guarantee policies for PPP projects in the field of science and technology include the followings:
 - Termination of PPP project contracts: Investors and PPP project enterprises are entitled to compensation costs in case of early termination of the PPP project contract (including all investment and construction costs for investors and PPP enterprises) in case where scientific and technological products created by PPP project enterprises have commercialized ineffectively, or the actual revenue is lower than 50% of the expected revenue in the financial plan.
 - Financing of PPP projects: For PPP projects in the field of science, technology development, innovation and national digital transformation, investors and the PPP project enterprises can mobilize preferential loans from the Vietnam Development Bank.
 - Foreign-currency balance guarantees: For science and technology PPP projects with the participation of foreign enterprises, foreign enterprises owning strategic technologies according to the list issued by the Ministry of Science and Technology, the PPP enterprise shall be guaranteed foreign-currency as follows: (i) 100% of the project's Vietnam Dong revenues after subtracting its Vietnam Dong expenditures, within the first 3 years of operation and business; (ii) 50% for the period from 3 to 5 years of operation and business; and (iii) 30% for the remaining time of the PPP project contract.
 - Allocation of the increase and decrease of project revenues: For PPP projects in the field of science, technology development, innovation and national digital transformation, investors (i) are not required to share the increase of project revenues within the first 3 years of operation and business, and (ii) can apply the sharing of 100% of the difference

between actual revenue and revenue in the financial plan when actual revenue is lower than 75% of the revenue in the financial plan.

3. Amendments to the Law on Bidding

- The following groups of products or bidders are eligible for incentives in bidder selection under the Draft Law:
 - Innovative products, digital technology products and services that meet domestic production criteria as prescribed by the Ministry of Science and Technology.
 - Bidders who are innovation centers, science and technology enterprises, high-tech enterprises, science and technology organizations, research and development centers; small and micro enterprises when bidding for innovative products in the field of digital technology.
- Accordingly, incentives in bidder selection will include higher ranking, extra points, addition of money to the bid price, priority in terms of evaluation of eligibility, capacity, experience and other criteria in the process of evaluating bidding documents.
- Science, technology and innovation enterprise, enterprise that owns and has copyrights for strategic technology is eligible for incentives in investor selection in terms of evaluation of capacity, experience and other criteria in the process of evaluating project implementation registration dossier and bidding dossier.
- The following two approaches are adopted for investor selection for specific science and technology projects:
 - Direct appointment of investors: Applicable to investment projects in the field of science, technology, innovation and national digital transformation in which the investor proposing the project is an enterprise that owns and has copyrights for strategic technology; the project needs to continue to select enterprises that have previously deployed infrastructure and digital platforms to ensure synchronization and connection of infrastructure and digital platforms.
 - Selection of investors in special cases: Applicable to investment projects with specific requirements for research, application and development of science, technology, innovation and national digital transformation that cannot apply other forms of investor selection.
- The competent person shall decide whether to apply domestic bidding or international bidding in order to select investors for investment projects in the fields of science, technology development, innovation and national digital transformation. In case of domestic bidding, domestic investors may form a joint venture with foreign investors or use a sub-contractor who is a foreign bidder to participate in the bidding; the domestic investor must be the head of the joint venture.
- Regarding the criteria in bid assessments:
 - Science, technology and innovation enterprise investors do not need to prove the ability to arrange equity capital and are allowed to use the project, the work that they directly implement, whose technology has been put into successful trial operation, to prove the experience of implementing similar projects.
 - For projects where direct investor appointment is applicable, the criteria for evaluating bidding documents include criteria for evaluating capacity, experience and criteria for evaluating for land use efficiency, investment efficiency in developing industries, fields, and localities, and are built according to the pass/fail method.



Hanoi Office



Linh Hoang Anh Nguyen | Senior Manager EY Law Vietnam Limited Liability Company linh.hoang.anh.nguyen@vn.ey.com



Le Hong Nguyen | Manager

EY Law Vietnam Limited Liability Company
le.hong.nguyen@vn.ey.com

Ho Chi Minh City Office



Robert King | EY Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia Tax Leader EY Consulting Vietnam Joint Stock Company robert.m.king@vn.ey.com



Michael Beckman | Managing Director EY Law Vietnam Limited Liability Company michael.beckman@vn.ey.com



Thach Thi Cam Tran | Senior Manager EY Law Vietnam Limited Liability Company thach.cam.tran@vn.ey.com

Japanese Business Services (JBS)



Takahisa Onose | EY Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia JBS Leader Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited takahisa.onose@vn.ey.com



Takaaki Nishikawa | Director Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited takaaki.nishikawa@vn.ey.com



Kota Takano | Associate Director Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited kota.takano1@vn.ey.com

Korean Business Services (KBS)



Binh Thanh Phan | EY Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia KBS Leader EY Consulting Vietnam Joint Stock Company binh.thanh.phan@vn.ey.com



Kyung Hoon Han | DirectorErnst & Young Vietnam Limited kyung.hoon.han@vn.ey.com



Dong Ho Park | Assistant Director Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited dongho.park@vn.ey.com

Chinese Business Services (CBS)



Truong Duc Le | EY Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia CBS Leader Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited truong.duc.le@vn.ey.com



Owen Tsao | Director Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited owen.tsao@vn.ey.com



Trinh Kiet Luong | Assistant Director Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited trinh.kiet.luong@vn.ey.com

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